

MCC302 Power Amplifier



MCC302M Owner's Manual



WARNING - TO REDUCE RISK OF FIRE OR ELECTRICAL SHOCK, DO NOT EXPOSE THIS EQUIPMENT TO RAIN OR MOISTURE.

NO USER-SERVICEABLE PARTS INSIDE. REFER SERVICING TO QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

To prevent the risk of electric shock, do not remove bottom cover. No user serviceable parts inside.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS!

PLEASE READ THEM BEFORE OPERATING THIS EQUIPMENT.

General:

- 1. Read these instructions.
- 2. Keep these instructions.
- 3. Heed all warnings.
- 4. Follow all instructions.
- 5. Warning: To reduce risk of fire or electrical shock, do not expose this equipment to rain or moisture. This unit is capable of producing high sound pressure levels. Continued exposure to high sound pressure levels can cause permanent hearing impairment or loss. User caution is advised and ear protection is recommended when playing at high volumes.
- 6. Disconnect this equipment when unused for long periods of time.
- 7. Only use attachments/accessories specified by the manufacturer.

Installation:

- 8. Do not block any ventilation openings. Install in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions.
- 9. Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat ducts or other equipment that produce heat.
- 10. Do not use this equipment near water.
- 11. Do not expose this equipment to dripping or splashing and ensure that no objects filled with liquids are placed on the equipment.
- 12. Do not mount this product with an unstable bracket as the equipment may fall, causing serious injury to a person, and serious damage to the product.

Connection:

13. Route DC power cords so that they are not likely to be pinched by items placed upon or against them, paying particular attention to the point where they enter the instrument.

Care of Equipment:

- 14. Clean only with dry cloth.
- 15. Do not permit objects or liquids of any kind to be pushed, spilled and/or fall into the equipment through enclosure openings.

Repair of Equipment:

- 16. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the equipment has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the equipment, the equipment has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
- 17. Do not attempt to service beyond that described in the operating instructions. All other service should be referred to qualified service personnel.
- 18. When replacement parts are required, be sure the service technician has used replacement parts specified by McIntosh or have the same characteristics as the original part. Unauthorized substitutions may result in fire, electric shock, or other hazards.
- 19. Upon completion of any service or repairs to this product, ask the service technician to perform safety checks to determine that the product is in proper operating condition.

Thank You

Your decision to own this McIntosh MCC302 Two Channel Power Amplifier ranks you at the very top among discriminating music listeners. You now have "The Best." The McIntosh dedication to "Quality," is assurance that you will receive many years of musical enjoyment from this unit.

Please take a short time to read the information in this manual. We want you to be as familiar as possible with all the features and functions of your new McIntosh.

Please Take A Moment

The serial number, purchase date and McIntosh dealer name are important to you for possible insurance claim or future service. The spaces below have been provided for you to record that information:

Serial Number: .	
Burahasa Datai	
Purchase Date:	
Dealer Name:	

Technical Assistance

If at any time you have questions about your McIntosh product, contact your McIntosh dealer who is familiar with your McIntosh equipment and any other brands that may be part of your system. If you or your dealer wish additional help concerning a suspected problem, you can receive technical assistance for all McIntosh products at:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc.

2 Chambers Street

Binghamton, New York 13903

Phone: 607-723-1545 Fax: 607-723-3636

Customer Service

If it is determined that your McIntosh product is in need of repair, you can return it to your dealer. You can also return it to the McIntosh Laboratory Service Repair department. For assistance on factory repair return procedure, contact the McIntosh Repair Department at:

McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, New York 13903

Phone: 607-723-3515 Fax: 607-723-1917

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General Notes

- 1. An optional McIntosh External Subwoofer Rotary Control, Model Number R1163, is available from your McIntosh Dealer.
- 2. Do not connect the Amplifier's Speaker Negative Terminal Connection directly to the Vehicle Chassis. Failure to observe this could result in damage to your Amplifier.
- 3. It is advisable to place an inline fuse as close as possible to the battery.
- 4. For additional connection information, refer to the owner's manual(s) for any component(s) connected to the MCC302 Amplifier.
- 5. There is a built-in turn on delay which will mute the speaker outputs for approximately two seconds when the amplifier is turned on.
- 6. It is very important that loudspeaker cables of adequate size be used in your music system, to ensure that there will be no power loss or heating. If your loudspeaker cables are 25 feet (7.62m) or less, use at least 16 Gauge wire size or larger.
- 7. The MCC302 Line Level OUTPUTs are wired as a "Y" connection with the INPUTs to pass the input signals on to additional amplifiers (keep cable lengths as short as possible). The McIntosh MX406 Control Center is capable of driving several additional power amplifiers with no degradation of the signal.
- 8. The MCC302 can accept speaker level inputs at its Input Jacks. Refer to the diagram for (-) NEGATIVE SPEAKER OUTPUT connection.

(+) POSITIVE SPEAKER OUTPUT

Milntosh

Introduction

Now you can take advantage of traditional McIntosh standards of excellence in the MCC302 Power Amplifier. Two 150 watt high current output channels will drive any high quality loudspeaker system to its ultimate performance. The MCC302 reproduction is sonically transparent and absolutely accurate. The McIntosh Sound is "The Sound of the Music Itself."

Performance Features

Power Output

The MCC302 consists of two separate power amplifier channels, each capable of 150 watts into 4 ohm speakers with less than 0.005% distortion.

• Bridgeable Channels

The MCC302 includes two 150 watt amplifier channels. Both channels can be set in bridged configuration for 600 watts output into a 4 ohm loudspeaker with less than 0.008% distortion.

• High Current Output

A peak output current of 30 amperes ensures that the MCC302 will successfully drive high quality loudspeakers, such as McIntosh, for a truly exciting sound experience.

• Equalizer and Variable Crossover Filters

The one band equalizer has a center frequency that is variable from 40 Hz to $2{,}000 \text{ Hz}$ which can be either cut or boosted $\pm 12 \text{db}$. 12 dB per octave high pass filters with variable corner frequencies from 50 Hz to 120 Hz and 12 dB per octave low pass filters with variable corner frequencies from 50 Hz to 120 Hz.

Power Guard and Sentry Monitor

All channels include the patented McIntosh Power Guard circuit that prevents the amplifier from being overdriven into clipping with its harsh distorted sound that can also damage your valuable loudspeakers. McIntosh Sentry Monitor power output stage protection circuits are present on all channels to ensure the MCC302 will have a long and trouble free operating life.

Speaker Protection

If for any reason, a DC (Direct Current) voltage appears at the speaker output terminals, a built-in circuit turns off the amplifier power supplies to prevent damage to your valuable loudspeakers.

• Thermal Protection with Multi-Speed Cooling Fans

Built-in thermal protection circuits guard against overheating which could shorten the normal long life expectancy of your McIntosh Power Amplifier. Cooling fan speed is controlled by temperature sensors attached to the interior of the extruded aluminum cooling tunnel. The fans are normally off. When needed, the fans will automatically switch on, and speed is increased as needed for additional cooling.

• Fully Discrete Design

The MCC302 has a fully complimentary double balanced amplifier design and is identical to that found in McIntosh's leading home amplifiers.

Balanced Inputs with Pass Through

The Balanced Inputs cancel out interference noise that is produced by other sources in the vehicle and can be directly connected to the bridged speaker output of any head unit. The MCC302 provides two line level outputs, for the convenience of connecting multi-amplifier systems.

• Remote Subwoofer Control and Line Output

The subwoofer level can be controlled via an external rotary control, which can be remotely mounted in the vehicle. A line level summed output is provided to drive an external subwoofer power amplifier. The inputs to both channels are summed for this output.

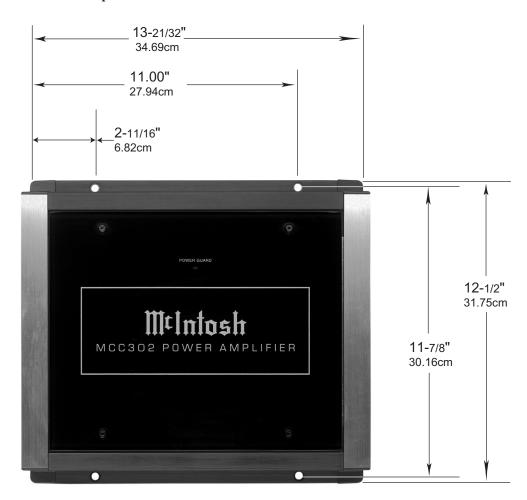
• Gold Plated Terminals

McIntosh provides gold plated input and output terminals on the amplifiers for superior corrosion resistance. It is a very important feature in the automotive environment. Speaker wires to 10 AWG and DC input wires to 4 AWG can be accommodated.

Dimensions

The following dimensions can assist in determining the best location for your MCC302. There is additional information on the next page pertaining to installing the MCC302 into your vehicle.

Top View of the MCC302



Side View of the MCC302





Installation

It is recommended that a professional who is skilled in all aspects of installation and operation install the MCC302 and any associated mobile audio equipment.

Amplifier Ventilation

Always provide adequate ventilation for the MCC302. The amplifier requires an adequate airflow into the cooling fans, which are located on the left side of the amplifier. The warm air exits the amplifier through vents on the heatsinks. See figure 1. Be sure to provide at least 1-1/2 inches clearance in front of the cooling fans and 1 inch clearance at the sides of the heatsinks.

The cooling fans are controlled by temperature sensors, attached to the interior of the tunnel. The fans are normally off. If the program material contains sustained loud passages demanding high power, the fans will turn-on to increase cooling. If cooling is still not sufficient, additional heating will shut down the amplifier's internal power supply completely and the Power Guard LEDs will light. The fans will continue to run and once normal temperatures are restored, operation will resume.

The amplifier can be mounted vertically or horizontally and may be located under a seat if adequate clearance is available. The preferred installation method is to mount the amplifier directly to the vehicle frame using the hardware supplied with the amplifier.

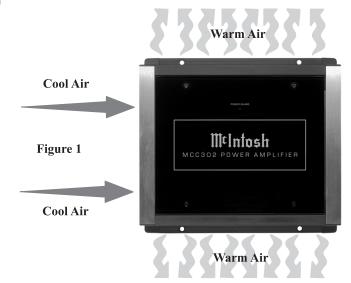
It is not recommended that the amplifier be mounted under the hood or in a location where it will be directly exposed to the elements. The openings in the fan housings and heat tunnel vents can allow internal components to be damaged by exposure to water, chemicals or any form of road dust or debris.

Removing the Glass Panel

To access the MCC302 Controls, remove the glass panel by removing the four hex bolts with the supplied 3/32" hex key. See figure 2. Attach the supplied suction cup to the top center of the glass panel and carefully raise it high enough to put your hand under. Temporarily place the removed glass panel in a safe place, remove the suction cup and save it for future use.

Removing the End Caps

To access the MCC302 Connecting Terminal Blocks, remove the Glass Panel first (the above step) and then remove the Phillips Screws holding the End Caps on both sides of the amplifier and lift the end caps off. See figure 3.





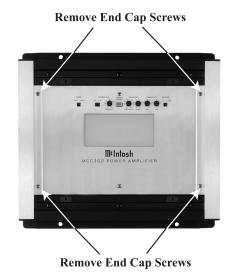
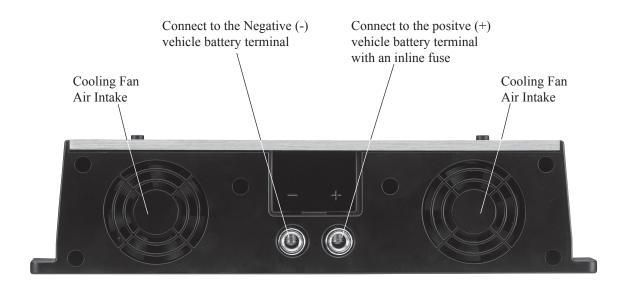
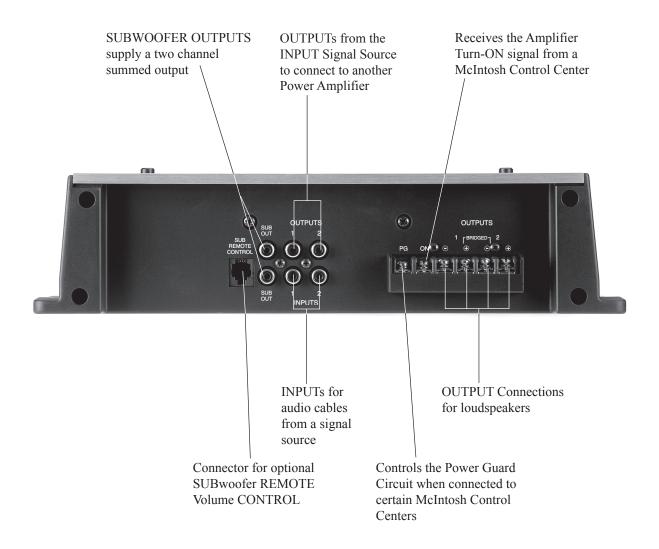


Figure 3







How to Connect for Two Channels

1. Connect a wire from the Control Center Amp On to the MCC302 ON Connector on the right side of the amplifier.

Note: All cables should be connected to the amplifier before connecting the DC power cables to the battery.

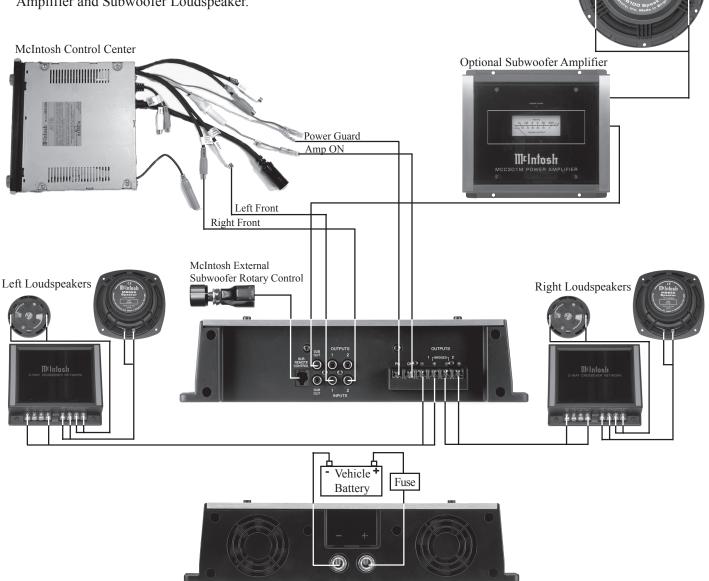
- Connect a wire from a McIntosh Control Center with Power Guard to the MCC302 PG Connector on the right side of the amplifier.
- 3. Connect cables (up to 12AWG) from two separate loudspeaker systems, to the Amplifier's Channels 1 and 2 OUTPUT Terminals, being careful to observe the correct polarities.
- 4. Connect audio cables from the Control Center Outputs to the MCC302 Inputs 1 and 2.
- Optional Connection illustrated below shows the SUB OUTput connected to a separate Subwoofer Power Amplifier and Subwoofer Loudspeaker.

- Note: The Subwoofer Outputs are line-level outputs and summed from all the Input Channels. They can be remotely controlled by connecting a cable from the SUB REMOTE CONTROL jack to the Optional External Rotary Control.
- 6. Optional Connection allows the SUB REMOTE CONTROL to be connected to the Power Amplifier, regardless of the MCC302 Operating Mode used.
- 7. Connect the MCC302 to the vehicle battery terminals using size 4AWG (Maximum) cables.

Subwoofer

Loudspeaker

Note: It is advisable to place an inline fuse of a suitable size as close as possible to the battery.



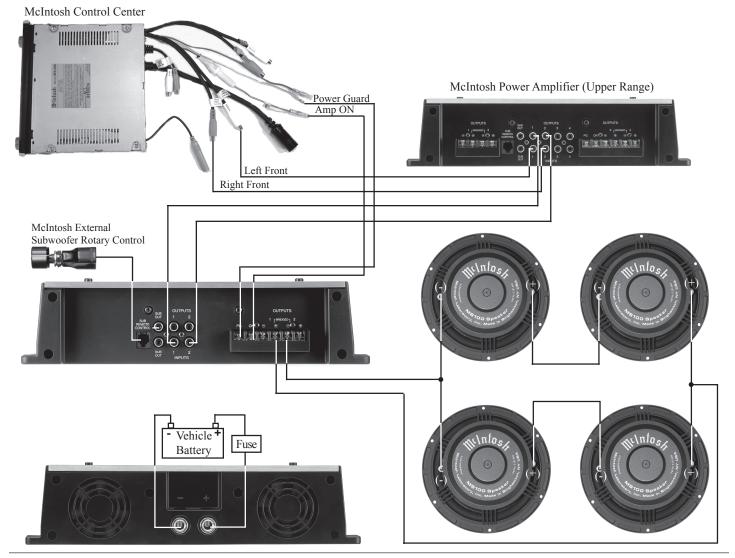
How to Connect for Bridged Subwoofer Mode

There are many different possible Vehicle Audio System combinations utilizing the MCC302 Power Amplifier. It is recommended that a professional who is skilled in all aspects of Vehicle Audio Systems assist you in the selection and installation. The illustration below is just one of the many possible combinations.

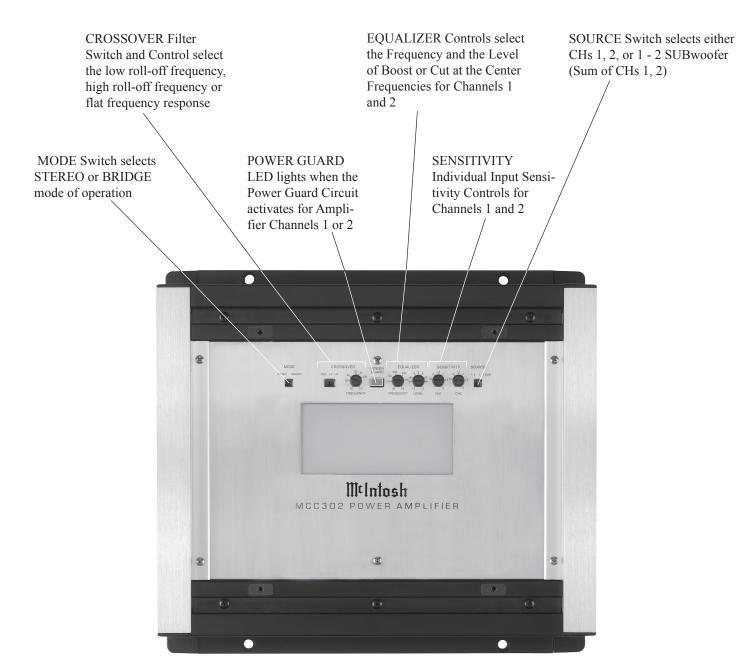
- Connect a wire from the Control Center Amp On to the MCC302 ON Connector on the right side of the amplifier.
 - Note: All cables should be connected to the amplifier before connecting the DC power cables to the battery.
- Connect a wire from a McIntosh Control Center with Power Guard to the MCC302 PG Connector on the right side of the amplifier.
- 3. Connect cables (up to 12AWG) from four separate loudspeakers connected in a series/parallel combination, to the Amplifier's Channels 1 and 2 BRIDGE

- OUTPUT Terminals, being careful to observe the correct polarities.
- 4. Connect audio cables from the Control Center Outputs to the McIntosh Power Amplifier (Upper Range) Inputs 1 and 2.
- 5. Connect audio cables from the McIntosh Power Amplifier (Upper Range) Outputs 1 and 2 to the MCC302, Inputs 1 and 2.
 - Note: The Subwoofer Output is summed from both of the Input Channels and can be remotely controlled by connecting a cable from the SUB REMOTE CONTROL jack to the Optional External Rotary Control.
- 6. Connect the MCC302 to the vehicle battery terminals using size 4AWG (maximum) cables.

Note: It is advisable to place an inline fuse of a suitable size as close as possible to the battery.







Introduction

The McIntosh MCC302 is a highly versatile amplifier that can be configured in many ways. This manual gives examples of some of the most common configurations. The best way to set equalization and filter controls is through the use of a real-time spectrum analyzer and the expertise of a professional installer. This manual will guide you through the basic operation, however we suggest you refer to your dealer for further information on the use of this unit. To access the Amplifier Controls and Switches refer to "Removing the Glass Panel" located on page 6 of this Owner's Manual.

Power

The MCC302 will turn On or Off when the Control Center turns On or Off.

Note: There must be an Amp ON connection between the MCC302 and the signal source unit in order for the amplifier power turn On and Off to function.

Crossover

The CROSSOVER Switch OUT Position selects a Flat Frequency Response. When the CROSSOVER Switch is in

the LP (low frequency pass) Position, the Amplifier will pass all frequencies below the setting of the CROSSOVER FREQUENCY Control. If the CROSSOVER Switch is in the HP (high frequency pass) Position, the Amplifier will pass all frequencies



Figure 4

above the setting of the CROSSOVER FREQUENCY Control. Refer to figure 4.

Equalizer

Both channels (1 and 2) are equipped with an equalizer. The equalizer is not intended to act as a *tone* control. The

one-band equalizer is best utilized as a notch filter to reduce a peak (as located by real-time analysis with an RTA) in your system's frequency response. If you are attempting to equalize a system without RTA data, play music you are familiar with, set



Figure 5

the equalizer LEVEL Control to +12 and slowly turn the FREQUENCY Control to get an idea where in the musical spectrum the frequency numbers are located. Then set the LEVEL Control back to 0 and listen to the system to determine its equalization needs. Subtle adjustments are best and cutting usually sounds better than boosting. Refer to figure 5.

Input Sensitivity Controls

The SENSITIVITY controls allows the setting of the input

sensitivity, of both amplifier channels, to provide an ideal match for the signal source being used. The most desirable setting allows the control center to have a useful volume range as wide as possible from loud to soft. A good place to start is to set the amplifier's SENSITIVITY Control to the output



Figure 6

voltage called out in your control center owner's manual. The Level controls can be set for any sensitivity from .5 volts to 8 volts.

Refer to figure 6.

Note: In BRIDGE MODE Sensitivity Control 2 has no effect. When used in conjunction with a McIntosh Control Center, you may find setting the Sensitivity controls to the center detent (1.5V) works best.

Operating in Two Channel Mode

Input Source

Set the Input SOURCE Switch to the 1, 2 position. Refer to figure 7.



Figure 7

Mode

Set the MODE Switches to the STereo position to configure the amplifier for two channel operation. Refer to figure 8.

Crossover

Set the CROSSOVER Switch to the OUT position since both channels are operating at full frequency range. Refer to figure 4.

Operating in Bridged Subwoofer Mode

Input Source

Set the SOURCE Switch to the 1-2 (SUB) position. Refer to figure 7.

MODE STEREO BRIDGED

Output Mode

Set the MODE Switch to the BRIDGED Position to operate in the Bridged Subwoofer Mode. Refer to figure 8.

Figure 8

Crossover

Set the CROSSOVER Switch to the LP Position. Adjust the CROSSOVER FREQUENCY Control for the Crossover Frequency that is recommended by the Manufacturer of the Loudspeaker for the best performance. Refer to figure 4.



How to Replace the Fuses

If the MCC302 produces no sound, there is no Illumination of the Nomenclature on the Top Glass Panel, and the power connections seem secure, one or more of the Amplifier's Fuse(s) may have failed. Under normal operating conditions your amplifier's fuses should not fail. Failure of a fuse is usually an indication of a problem. Replacing the fuse, if there is problem in the amplifier, may incur a risk of further damage. Refer to figures 9, 10 and 11.

Caution: Disconnect the Amplifier from the Vehicle Battery (or DC Power Supply) as <u>Potentially Dangerous</u>
<u>Currents</u> exist inside the amplifier.

- 1. Before accessing fuses, disconnect both the positive and negative power cables from the DC input terminals on the left side of the amplifier using a 5/32" hex key.
- 2. Remove the Top Glass Panel by first removing the four hex bolts with the supplied 3/32" hex key.
- 3. To remove the Top Glass Panel, attach the supplied suction cup to the top center of the glass panel and carefully raise it high enough to put your hand under. Temporarily place the removed glass panel in a safe place, remove the suction cup and save it for future use.
- 4. Remove the Phillips Screws holding the End Caps on both sides of the amplifier and lift the end caps off.
- 5. Remove the two Phillips Screws, one is located above the row of Controls/Switches and the other near the Bottom Edge of the Gold Faceplate Control Panel.
- 6. Remove all 5 crossover, equalizer and sensitivity knobs.
- 7. Remove the Gold Faceplate Control Panel.
- 8. Remove the fuses with needle nose pliers, taking care to avoid hitting parts on the ciruit board.

Note: To determine if the fuse has failed, examine the link between the two fuse legs to see if it has a break in it.

- 9. Replace the fuse with one of the same type and rating, as unauthorized substitutions may prove hazardous to you and the amplifier.
- 10. When reinserting the fuse, set it in place with the pliers, then push it the rest of the way in with your finger to avoid having the pliers slip and hit the circuit board.
- 11. Re-install the Gold Faceplate Control Panel and all 5 crossover, equalizer and sensitivity knobs.
- 12. Re-connect the power cables to the vehicle battery. If the replacement fuse(s) fails again, have the amplifier repaired at a McIntosh Service Center.



Figure 9

Remove Three Screws



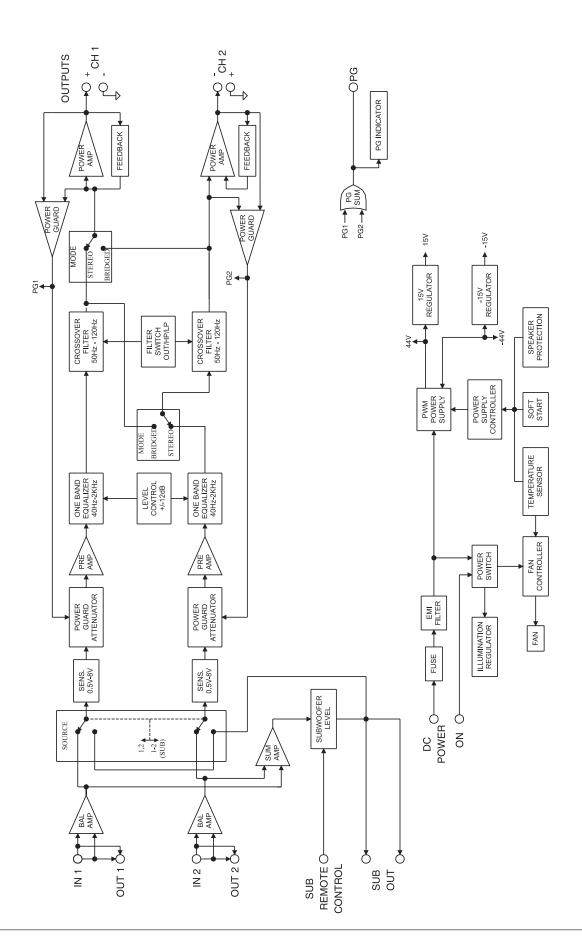
Figure 10

Location of the three fuses



Figure 11

MCC302 Block Diagram





Specifications

Power Output Per Channel

150 watts into 4 ohm loads and 300 watts into 2 ohm loads is the minimum sine wave continuous average power output per channel, with both channels operating.

Power Output Bridged

600 watts into 4 ohm loads is the minimum sine wave continuous average power output.

Rated Power Band

20Hz to 20,000Hz

Total Harmonic Distortion

Maximum Total Harmonic Distortion at any power level from 250 milliwatts to rated power output is: 0.005% for 4 ohm loads 0.008% for 2 ohm loads 0.008% for Bridged Mode with 4 ohm loads

Dymanic Headroom

1dB

Frequency Response

+0, -0.25dB from 20Hz to 20,000Hz +0, -3dB from 10Hz to 100,000Hz

Sensitivity

0.5 Volts

A-Weighted Signal To Noise Ratio

105dB (1.5V)

One Band Equalizer

Center Frequency is variable from 40 Hz to 2,000 Hz, level variable $\pm 12 \text{db}$, Q fixed at 2

Crossover

Selectable High pass or Low pass. The frequency is variable from 50Hz to 120Hz. The slope is 12dB per octave (Low pass is 24dB per octave in bridged mode)

Subwoofer Output

Low Pass filtered at 200Hz with a 6db per octave slope (level variable ±12db when using optional McIntosh External Subwoofer Rotary Control)

Intermodulation Distortion

Maximum Intermodulation Distortion if instantaneous peak output per channel does not exceed twice the rated output, for any combination of frequencies from 20Hz to 20,000Hz, with all channels operating is:

0.005% for 4 ohm loads

0.008% for 2 ohm loads

0.008% for Bridged Mode with 4 ohm loads

Input Impedance

12,000 ohms

Power Requirements

12 Volts DC, 2.5 amps (idle) - 50 amps (150 watts)

Dimensions

12.5 inches (31.8cm) wide, 3.0 inches (7.6cm) high, 13.7 inches (34.8cm) depth

Weight

14.5 pounds (6.6Kg) net, 17 pounds (7.7Kg) in shipping carton

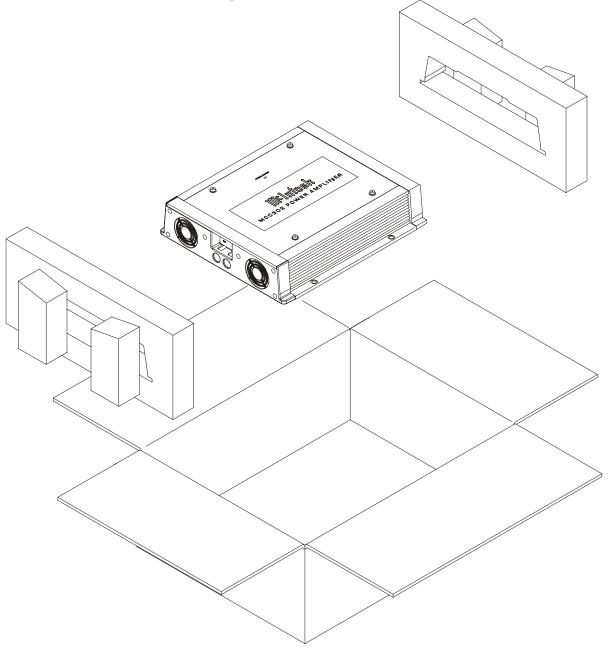
Packing Instructions

In the event it is necessary to repack the equipment for shipment, the equipment must be packed exactly as shown below, failure to do so will result in shipping damage.

Make sure that the Top Glass Panel is firmly secured to the chassis using the supplied hex head screws.

Use the original shipping carton and interior parts only if they are all in good serviceable condition. If a shipping carton or any of the interior part(s) are needed, please call or write Customer Service Department of McIntosh Laboratory. Please see the Part List for the correct part numbers.

Quantity	Part Number	<u>Description</u>
1	034162	Shipping carton only
2	034132	End cap (Foam pad)





McIntosh Laboratory, Inc. 2 Chambers Street Binghamton, NY 13903

The continuous improvement of its products is the policy of McIntosh Laboratory Incorporated who reserve the right to improve design without notice.

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